IJF SOR Additions/changes to 27 July version Published in version 13 October 2018

Page 5 – version date added

Page 8 – add

There are four core rules to remember:

- Always do your best, never fix a contest.
- Never bet on your competition, never bet on your sport.
- Never share information that could be used for betting purposes, any form of manipulation of sports competitions or any other corrupt purposes whether by the participant or via another person and/or entity.
- If you are approached to cheat, speak out!

Competition manipulation is defined as an intentional arrangement, act or omission aimed at an improper alteration of the result or the course of a sports competition in order to remove all or part of the unpredictable nature of the sports competition with a view to obtaining an undue benefit for oneself or for other.

Page 9 - add

Failure to report to the IJF at the first available opportunity, any information about betting, match fixing or competition manipulation could amount to a violation of the SOR.

Page 10 - 1.3 Insurance and Civil Liability

Each National Federation is responsible for its athletes (including the control of non-pregnancy) and must assume all responsibility for accident and health insurance as well as the civil liabilities for their athletes and officials, including the nominated referees, during all IJF events.

Each National Federation is directly responsible for its athletes (including the control of nonpregnancy). It must assume all responsibility for accident and health insurance as well as civil liabilities during all IJF events for everyone under their charge.

Page 11 – 1.7 Nationality

The athletes must be of the same nationality as the National Federation for which they have been entered for the competition. Veterans are excluded from this rule. Persons appointed by the Executive Committee of the IJF shall verify the citizenship of the athletes

If the two National Federations concerned agree, they may request the IJF to shorten the period of three years or even to cancel the duration completely (see Olympic Charter, Rule 41 and the Bye-law to Rule 41). Veterans are excluded from this rule and can change without the three years period.

Page 12 - non-official refugee status of the athlete,

Judoka with an official refugee status, hosted by a country, can qualify themselves for IJF or continental union competitions through their host country national championships and thus will compete under their host country flag. The judoka and the national federation requests must be sent, with the official refugee status document, to the IJF General Secretariat (gs@ijf.org). If the documents sent are compliant, the agreement will be automatically given by the IJF General Secretary following confirmation by the IJF President.

1.12 Event Outlines

For each IJF WJT event outlines will be published on the IJF website and sent to the National Federations. The deadlines in the outlines must be respected.

1.12.1 Visas

The local organisers will assist with visas where possible but having the correct visa is the responsibility of each participant. Visa applications will only be accepted for people who are inscribed in judobase for the event.

1.12.2 Transportation

The organiser will provide transportation for competing delegations during the competition. This transportation service (including airport transfers) is only offered on the days when the delegations are booked in an official hotel through the organisers. If the delegation misses the transport deadline the organisers are not obliged to provide airport transfers.

1.12.3 Accommodation

All delegates inscribed for an IJF WJT event must stay in one of the official hotels, offered in the outlines by the organisers, for a minimum of two (2) nights. This rule does not apply to the host National Federation delegates.

The organisers will do their best to provide the first choice of accommodation but as rooms might be limited this cannot be guaranteed. After the accommodation deadline, the organiser cannot promise rooms in the hotels detailed in these outlines and another official hotel may be added.

Accommodation cancellation fees will be detailed in the event outlines.

If payment is being made by bank transfer the bank information must be inserted correctly and completely on the transfer document and any procedures related to amendment of the bank transfer must be done before arrival. Delegations must ensure that all bank charges are paid at their end so that the organisers receive the correct amount of funds without any deductions. The person attending accreditation must bring proof of the bank transfer.

Page 27 - The mixed team contests will be fought in the following order: Cadets: -44 kg, -55 kg, -52 kg, -66 kg, -63 kg, -81 kg, +63 kg, +81 kg Juniors: -48 kg, -60 kg, -57 kg, -73 kg, -70 kg, -90 kg, +70 kg, +90 kg Seniors: -57 kg, -73 kg, -70 kg, 90 kg, +70 kg, +90 kg A draw will be made for the starting category for the first round. The following rounds will start with the next category in the sequence.

Example: Senior Mixed Teams - drawn category is -73 kg 1st round: -73, -70, -90, +70, +90, -57 kg 2nd round: -70, -90, +70, +90, -57, -73 kg Quarterfinal: -90, +70, +90, -57, -73 kg, -70 kg Repechage and semifinal: +70, +90, -57, -73, -70, -90 kg Bronze and final: +90, -57, -73, -70, -90, +70 kg

Page 36 – delete third point as it is a repetition of first point In case a whole delegation is not participating without previous notification, a penalty of 100 USD per athlete will apply for all registered athletes. Until start of accreditation, any last-minute replacements or cancellations must be sent to the IJF registration e-mail: registration@ijf.org. A confirmation will be sent from the IJF. Emails to registration@ijf.org only cancel the delegate for the competition, for accommodation cancellations you must email the local organising committee directly. Accommodation cancellation fees will be detailed in the event outlines.

4.2 Cancellation of Athletes during Accreditation

The local organiser has the right to charge cancellation fees as detailed in the event outlines.

Page 37 – Number of free accreditations for officials: One – four (1-4) competitors = three (3) officials. Five – nine (5-9) competitors = five (5) officials. 10 or more competitors = seven (7) officials.

More inscribed officials than the above will be charged, by the local organising committee, at \$100.00 USD per additional person. The functions president, referee and judoka are not included in the above calculation.

The Education and Coaching Commission punch a small hole in the accreditation to indicate if a coach is suspended. At events where the accreditation card cannot be defaced or altered in any way, the LOC should provide a suitable solution.

Page 43 – add

The official weigh-in should be held in separate rooms for men and women and enough calibrated electronic scales showing only one decimal place i.e. 51.9 kg, 154.6 kg.

At least one set of test Control scales should be available (from the arrival of the first delegation) in all official hotels between 08:00 – 22:00 for athletes to check their weight. Page 44 – add

The details of the weigh-in will be described in the outlines for the event. Event organisers should take into consideration that if an athlete is competing in an individual event the day before a team competition and is not registered in the plus categories they should not have to weigh-in on that day.

Page 49- All accredited coaches during IJF World Tour Events cannot coach from the tribunes. This will be considered as acting against the rules and punished with the same procedure as described above.

Page 53 - Check-in and judogi control are the responsibility of the IJF Education and Coaching Commission.

Page 54 - 8.5 Entry to and Exit from Field of Play

In individual competitions an athlete can be accompanied onto the field of play with one coach and one doctor who must follow the dress code (for team competitions refer to section 2).

If an athlete refuses to leave the tatami at the end of the contest, in serious cases both the athlete and the coach may be subject to a suspension of up to one year.

Page 61 – Update to

Category combining may only be applied to categories where there are less than three entrants. If category combining cannot be achieved safely and according to the guidelines, then a pool of two

elimination system may be considered. The best of three contests between the two players, if the result is 2-0 then the third contest will not be fought.

Page 63 – Update current competition system for veterans with the outlines text The type of competitions system to be applied in the competition will depend on the number of entries as follows:

Competition systems according to number of participants: 6 and more entries: double repechage 3, 4, 5 entries: round robin 2 entries: best of 2 contests, if 1-1 the third contest will decide.

In case the number of participants in a category is not sufficient, (age and/or weight) categories will be combine according to IJF SOR.

All the contests in any one age division will be held on the same day.

Page 108 – add

Article 13 End of Contest

Supervisors with the collaboration of the IJF Head Referee Directors must intervene in extreme circumstances and let the referees do their work in accordance with the rule of the "majority of the three".

Page 114-

Article 18 Prohibited Acts and Penalties

If a contestant makes an infringement, where shido should be given, but the opponent makes a score after that, both the penalty and score should be given.

Shido (Slight Infringements Group):

Generally If a judoka (blue) commits a slight infringement and his opponent (white) throws him (blue) for waza-ari, both the penalty of shido for blue and the waza-ari for white will be given. If it is ippon (white) only the positive score will be assigned.

If a judoka (blue) commits a slight infringement and throws his opponent (white) but the latter (white) takes advantage of the situation to continue in newaza, the referee must announce the penalty for blue and at the same time allow the action to continue in favour of white until it reaches a conclusion either or score or mate. If blue counterattacks (e.g. breaks the osaekomi and takes over the control, breaks the osaekomi by applying shime-waza or kansetzu-waza) the referee must announce mate.

Page 117 – to alter

12.To insert a finger or fingers inside the opponent's sleeve or bottom of his trousers either in the ends of the trouser legs or in the waistband.

Page 121 – to add

27. To apply leg scissors to the opponent's trunk (dojime), neck or head (scissor with crossed feet, while stretching out the legs). In shime-waza (e.g. ryote -jime) it is forbidden to use the legs to assist the grip.